

# **LA11** Absolute Magnetic Encoder System

**LA11 is an absolute magnetic linear encoder system designed for motion control applications as a position and velocity control loop element.** The versatile design offers various communication outputs and resolution options. It also supports an incremental and analog outputs in parallel to the absolute channel for highly dynamic applications.



# Features and benefits

- True absolute system
- High accuracy
- Suitable for highly dynamic control loops
- Robust design and IP68 protection class
- Speeds up to 7 m/s at 0.976 μm resolution
- SSI, SPI, BiSS communication protocols and parallel quadrature or 1 V<sub>pp</sub> channel
- Axis lengths up to 16.3 m
- Resolutions up to ~0.244 μm



ABSOLUTE SYSTEM ROBUST DESIGN HIGH ACCURACY

# **General information**

# The encoder system is highly reliable due to contactless absolute measuring principle, built-in safety algorithms and high quality materials/components used.

The measuring standard is a magnetic scale which consists of a stainless steel substrate with an elasto-ferrite layer. The elasto-ferrite layer is magnetised with two tracks. The incremental track is magnetised with 2 mm long (alternating south and north) poles and the absolute track is magnetised with a pseudo random binary sequence (PRBS) absolute code with 13 bit length.

The readhead includes Hall sensor arrays for PRBS track reading, and an AMR sensor for incremental track reading, interpolation electronics and custom logic circuitry. The data from the Hall arrays and interpolator are processed in the internal MCU using special algorithms to determine the absolute position. The electronics design provides short response and recovery times. Diagnostic information is available through a chosen serial communication channel and status LED.

### Choose your LA11 system

The LA11 readhead is compatible with the RLS absolute scale AS10 and solid absolute scale SAS10. You can select the length of the AS10 scale up to 16.3 m and SAS10 up to 1.35 m. To ensure safety and reliability, the AS10 scale can be optionally covered with a protective stainless steel foil or installed using TRS track system. The completely welded version of SAS10 magnetic scale is intended for harsh environments where contamination with industrial compounds is possible. The SAS10 scale also yields better accuracy compared to AS10 type of scale.

#### AS10 magnetic scale



# SAS10 fully welded or exposed



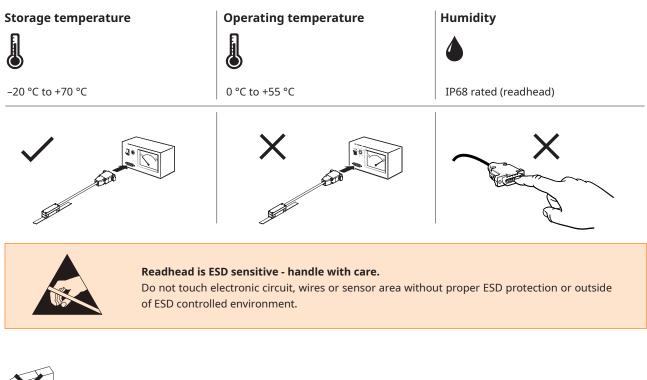
#### TRS track system (AS10)

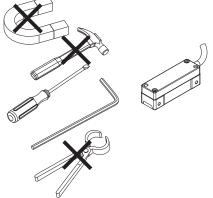


More about the AS10, SAS10 and TRS track system can be found in the ASD01data sheet at RLS Media center.

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# Storage and handling



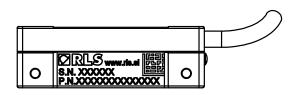


This encoder system is a high performance measuring instrument and should be handled with the same care as any other precision instrument. The use of industrial tools during installation or contact with strong magnets, such as a magnetic base, is not recommended as there is a risk that parts of the system will be damaged and may not function to specifications as a result.

### Packaging

Each readhead is packed individually in an antistatic bag, according to ESD protection measures.

### Labeling/Engraving

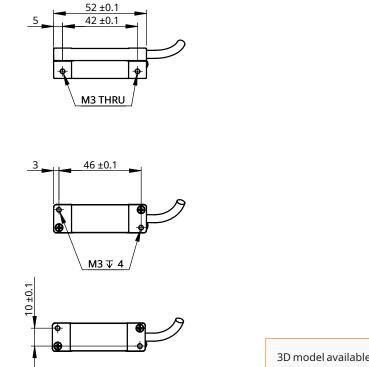


The engraving on the readhead contains a 18-digit part number, a 6-digit serial number and a QR code with a serial number.

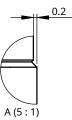
DATA SHEET LA11D01\_13

# **Dimensions drawing**

Dimensions and tolerances are in mm. Dimensions without tolerance values are in accordance with ISO 2768-m.







3D model available for download at **RLS Media center.** 

#### General tolerances for linear dimensions according to ISO 2768-m

Tolerance class	up to 6	6-30	30-120
m (medium)	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3

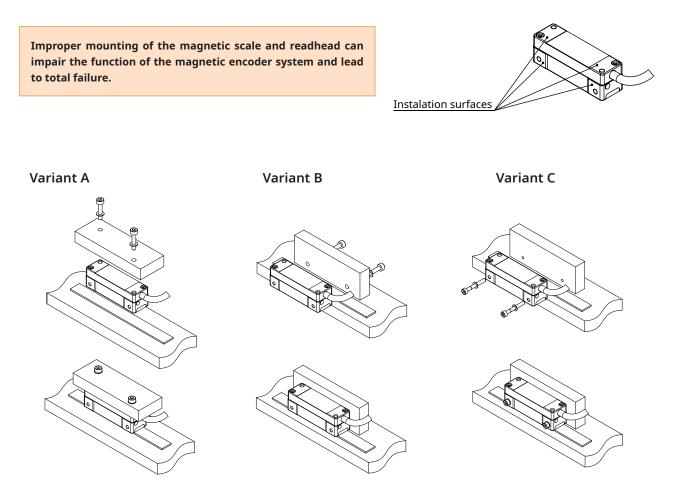
Further information on compatible scales can be found in ASD01 at **RLS Media center.** 



### Installation instructions

The readhead LED must be green at all measuring length positions. Otherwise, the installation will not be performed correctly. The 0.1 mm to 0.6 mm thick plastic spacer (shim) can be used to facilitate installation. For optimal installation, the recommended thickness of the shim is 0.2 mm.

After mounting the magnetic scale, place the plastic shim and the readhead on the magnetic scale. Make sure that the readhead, shim and magnetic scale are in full contact with each other. Ensure that the orientation and alignment of the readhead relative to the magnetic scale is as shown in the ASD01 at **RLS Media center**. The print on the scale can be used to determine the orientation.



- The magnetic encoder system must be installed and mounted in strict compliance with the installation dimensions and tolerances given on **page 4** and in the ASD01 at **<u>RLS Media center</u>**. Contact between the readhead and magnetic scale must be avoided over the entire measuring range.
- The magnetic encoder system must be used in accordance with the specified degree of protection. The following factors must be taken into account: IP protection class, operating temperature, external magnetic field, mechanical load and EMC compatibility.
- The magnetic encoder system is sensitive to the external magnetic fields. The magnitude of the influence on the magnetic encoder system depends on the magnitude and direction of the external magnetic field. In particular, the rapidly changing stray magnetic fields affect the encoder system and can alter its function. Magnetic field strength within 1 mT reduces the accuracy of the system. Field strengths greater than 1 mT will cause the system to malfunction and as a result the readhead will report an incorrect absolute position with the error status active. Magnetic field strengths greater than 25 mT will cause irreversible damage to the magnetic scale and will have to be replaced.

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# **Technical specifications**

### System data

Incremental pole length		2 mm
Maximum measuring length	AS10	16.3 m
	SAS10	1.288 m
System accuracy	AS10	±30 µm/m
	SAS10	±20 μm/m
Hysteresis		<2 µm at 0.1 mm ride height
Unidirectional repeatability		<1 µm
Maximum resolution		~0.244 µm (see chapter <b>Table of available resolutions</b> )

For more information about accuracy of absolute linear encoder systems refer to AST01 available at **RLS Media center**. For more information about accuracy of AS10 or SAS10 magnetic scale refer to ASD01 available at **RLS Media center**.

### **Electrical data**

Power supply	Option A	From 4.75 V to 5.75 V - Voltage on readhead; Consider voltage drop over cable	
	Option B	From 8 to 30 V	
Reverse polarity protection		For option A only (5 V power supply)	
Set-up time after switch-on		<350 ms (see chapter <b>Power-up ramp specification</b> )	
Current consumption	Option A	< 150 mA at 5 V power supply	
(without load)	Option B	< 85 mA at 12 V power supply	
		< 50 mA at 24 V power supply	
Voltage drop over cable		~80 mV/m (without load) at 5 V power supply	
Maximum power supply ramp up time		100 ms (see chapter <b>Power-up ramp specification</b> )	
Maximum power supply rippl	le	200 mV at 30 KHz (see chapter <b><u>Power-up ramp specification</u></b> )	

### Mechanical data

Material	Readhead: Aluminium (Eloxal - anodised)
Mass	Readhead: (with 1 m cable, no connector) 41 g, magnetic scale 60 g/m

### **Environmental data**

Temperature Operating		0 °C to +55 °C
	Storage	–20 °C to +70 °C
Vibrations (55 Hz to 2000 Hz)		30 g (IEC 60068-2-6)
Shocks (11 ms)		30 g (IEC 60068-2-27)
Humidity		100 % (condensation permitted)
EMC Immunity		IEC 61000-6-2
EMC Emission		IEC 61000-6-4
Environmental sealing - readhead		IP68 (according to IEC 60529)
Maximum external magnetic field during operation		1 mT



#### Cable

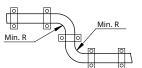
	8 core	12 core	8 core UL with over-mould M12*
Communication outputs	SC, DC, SP	DA, DI, SB, SI, SQ, SR	SC, DC, SP (Termination only with the over-mould sealed M12 connector - "W" option)
Cable type	PUR h	igh flexible cable, braided shield, pa	airs not twisted
Outer diameter	Max 4.2 mm ±0.2 mm	4.5 mm ±0.2 mm	Max 4.5 mm
Shield	Double twisted shield	Double twisted shield	Single braided shield
Jacket material		Extruded polyurethane (PU	R)
Wires AWG	White 0.14 mm2, 26 AWG, 0.13 Ω/m	All wires 0.08 mm2, 28 AWG, 0.23 Ω/m	White and brown 0.14 mm <sup>2</sup> , 26 AWG, 0.14 $\Omega/m$
	Other 0.05 mm2, 30 AWG, 0.35 Ω/m		Other wires 0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> , 28 AWG, 0.23 $\Omega/m$
Cable bending	Dynamic 25 mm	Dynamic 50 mm	Dynamic 50 mm
radius	Static 10 mm	Static 10 mm	Static 10 mm
Mass	34 g/m	38 g/m	34 g/m
Durability	20 million cycles at 25 mm bend radius	20 million cycles at 50 mm bend radius	10 million cycles at 50 mm bend radius
Torsion	Continuous torsion not allowed		
Maximum cable length	30 m	30 m	15 m

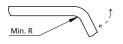
\* The UL 8-core cable is available only with the M12 over-mould connector in predefined cable lengths ("W" option).

### Cable bending radius

Fixed laying application

Continuously flexible application

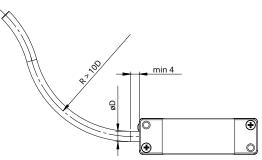




The cable requires adequate strain relief to ensure its integrity and avoid lateral forces that could damage the cable entry. The bending radius of the cable also applies to the connector side.

#### Cable installation

Dimensions and tolerances are in mm. Dimensions without tolerance values are in accordance with ISO 2768-m.

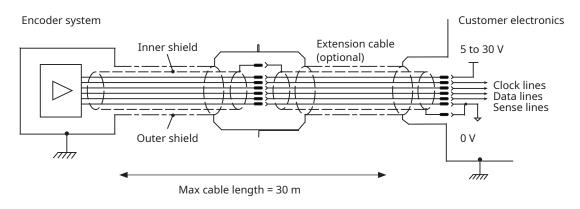


# **Electrical connections**

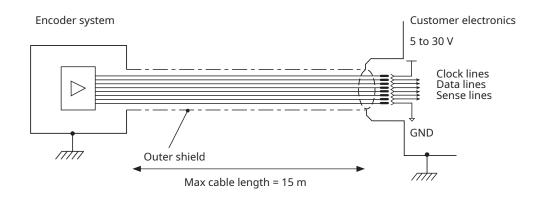
#### Shield connection

The following figures show the recommended shield termination in order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility. However, correct integration of the encoder system depends on the application.

#### 8 and 12 core cable (double shield)



#### 8 core UL cable with over-mould M12 connector (single shield)



The encoder housing is galvanically connected to the connector housing. To achieve EMC compliance, the encoder system must be correctly integrated. In particular, attention to shielding arrangements is essential.



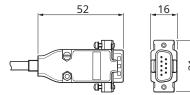
### Pinout

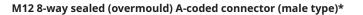
#### 8 core (single and double shield cables - Output types DC, SC, SP)

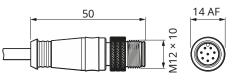
Function	Signal	Wire colour (Flying Leads)	9 pin D type plug	M12 8-way (A-coded)	Siemens SMC30
	+Vin supply	Brown	5	2	4
-	GND supply	White	9	1	7
Power	+Vin SENSE*	Grey	4	-	6
	GND SENSE*	Pink	8	-	9
	CLK+ / MA+ / CLK_SPI	Green	2	7	2
Serial	CLK- / MA- / CS_SPI	Yellow	3	6	3
communication	DATA+ / SLO+ / MISO_SPI	Blue	6	3	14
	DATA- / SLO-	Red	7	4	15
Chield	Inner	Bare wire	1	-	-
Shield	Outer	Bare wire	Case	Case	Case

\* If controller does not support voltage sense functionality (+Vin SENSE and GND SENSE), we recommend connecting sense lines parallel to power supply lines (GND SENSE to GND, Vin SENSE to Vin) in order to decrease voltage drop over cable. If sense lines are not used and/or connected, they should be isolated in order to prevent possible shorts between power supply lines.

#### 9-way D-type connector (male type)







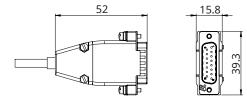
\* The overmould version of M12 is available with a 8-core UL cable. For details refer to the chapter **Cable.** 

#### 12 core (double shield cable - Output types DA, DI, SB, SI, SQ, SR)

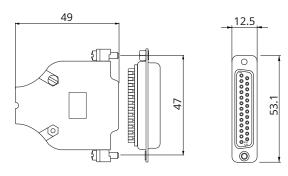
					Siemens 6FX2003-0SA17
			15 pin D type plug	Siemens SMC20	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 12 & 16 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0$
Function	Signal	Wire colour (Flying Leads)			0 0 <sup>17</sup> 0 <sub>5</sub> 0 <sub>8</sub> 0 0 0 <sup>7</sup> 0 5 6
	+Vin supply	Brown	7	1	1
Power	GND supply	White	2	2	4
Power	+Vin SENSE*	Orange	8	14	-
	GND SENSE*	Transparent	15	16	-
	CLK+ / MA+ / CLK_SPI	Green	3	10	8
	CLK– / MA– / CS_SPI	Yellow	4	12	9
Serial communication	DATA+ / SLO+ / MISO_ SPI	Blue	13	15	14
	DATA- / SLO-	Red	14	23	17
	A+ / Sin+	Purple	5	3	15
Incremental	A– / Sin–	Black	10	4	16
outputs	B+ / Cos+	Grey	6	6	12
-	B- / Cos-	Pink	11	7	13
Chield	Inner	Bare wire	1	GND	-
Shield	Outer	Bare wire	Case	Case	Case

\* If controller does not support voltage sense functionality, we recommend connecting sense lines parallel to power supply lines (GND SENSE to GND, Vin SENSE to Vin) in order to decrease voltage drop over cable. If sense lines are not used and/or connected, they should be isolated in order to prevent possible shorts between power supply lines.

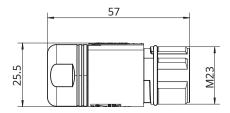
#### 15-pin connector pin-out and Siemens SMC30



#### Siemens SMC20

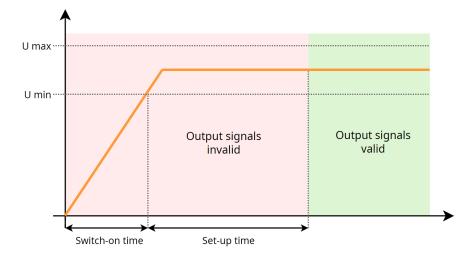


#### Siemens 6FX2003-0SA17





#### Power-up ramp specification



Switch-on time: 100 ms Set-up time: 350 ms Maximum power supply ripple: 200 mV at 30 kHz (U<sub>max</sub> – U<sub>min</sub>)

# **Status indicator LED**

Once the magnetic scale is installed, the readhead can be easily mounted on the machine using the LED setup indicator. The LED indicator shows the internal status of the encoder and is used to facilitate the installation and diagnosis of the encoder system. With BiSS C output the communication between the encoder and master (controller, drive) must be established. With BiSS C only during the communication the position will be internally evaluated and reflected on the LED.



Slow flashing of LED indicates that the encoder is receiving power, but communication between the encoder and the controller has not yet been established. The error status has a higher priority than the warning status in the LED signaling. In case of error/ warning the LED remains red/orange for at least 200 ms.

LED Status		Status	Description
•	Green	Normal operation	Position data is valid.
•	Orange	Warning	• The internal temperature is near operational limits. (> 80% o maximum temperature). The position is still valid.
			Position data is not valid. Possible causes:
			• The distance between the readhead and the magnetic scale
			is too large.
•	Red	Error	• The readhead is out of alignment with the magnetic scale or
			it is demagnetised.
			• Incorrect orientation of the readhead or magnetic scale.
			• The encoder speed is out of operational limits.
	Solid red after power	-	Internal system error or power supply too low. The readhead is
	up	Error	not possible to communicate.
			<b>-</b>
	Slow red, green or	/	The communication between the readhead and master has not
	orange flashing		been established.
0	No light	/	No power supply.

The LED signal statuses listed in the table above do not indicate non-optimal installation of the readhead, e. g. an accuracy outside the specified range.

During installation, it is advisable to move the readhead in both directions over the entire range of motion to observe the encoder status on the LED. As soon as the LED indicator remains green over the entire range of motion, it indicates that the encoder is correctly installed.



#### Troubleshooting

If the readhead reports an error during operation due to incorrect decoding of the absolute position on the magnetic scale, this indicates a serious problem. Serious problems include incorrect installation or a damaged magnetic pattern on the scale. To determine the cause of the problem, please proceed as follows:

- Make sure that the part number on the readhead and the scale match the required combination.
- Verify that the installation matches the specification of the encoder for the orientation of the readhead relative to the scale (ride height/radial offset, lateral/axial offset, centerline/ tangential, roll, pitch and yaw offsets).
- If possible, check the error location on the magnetic scale with the magnetic viewer for an abnormal pattern in the magnetic code.
- Check the power supply. This is especially important for longer cable lengths. Take into account the voltage drop over the cable.

#### General notes for the controllers

**Siemens compatibility:** The LA11 system is compatible with the Siemens controllers, but only with SSI absolute output. The analog 1 Vpp parallel channel is not compatible with the Siemens controllers.

**Resolution of the encoder and controller compatibility:** Some controllers are not compatible with a certain type of resolutions that are longer than 3 digits after the point (binary resolutions -  $0.244140625 \mu$ m,  $0.48828125 \mu$ m, etc). If the insuficient number is set into the controller, (i.e.  $0.244 \mu$ m) the error will accumulate over the linear travel. In such cases, it is recommended that the decimal resolution is selected (i.e.  $1.0 \mu$ m).

#### General notes for the power supply voltage and its compensation

**Voltage drop over the cable:** The voltage drop over the cable must be compensated in the controller if the cable is longer or if the extension cable is used. Some controllers can automatically compensate the power supply voltage based on the sense lines from the readhead.

**Note on the Sense lines:** The LA11 readhead supports the sense lines. The sense lines enable the controller to sense the power supply voltage that is applied to the encoder and adjust it based on the readhead specification. If controller does not support voltage sense functionality, we recommend connecting sense lines parallel to power supply lines in order to decrease voltage drop over cable (GNDsense to GND, Vinsense to Vin). If sense lines are not used and/or connected, they should be isolated in order to prevent possible shorts between power supply lines.

#### Communication interface options (parallel incremental outputs)

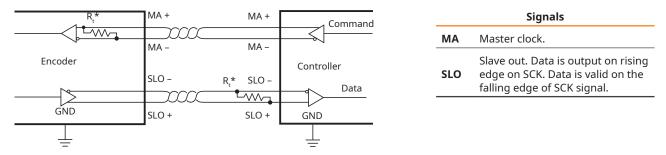
Parallel incremental signals	SSI	BiSS	SPI	
None	SC	DC	SP	
Incremental quadrature, RS422; 5 V	SI	DI	SQ	
Analogue voltage 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	SB	DA	SR	

# **BiSS C interface**

The encoder position, in 26 bit natural binary code, and the encoder status are available through the BiSS C protocol. The position data is left aligned, MSB first. After the position data there are two status bits (active low) followed by CRC (inverted).

BiSS C is implemented for point-to-point operation, multiple slaves are not supported.

#### **Electrical connection**

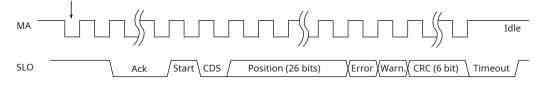


\* The MA and SLO lines are 5 V RS422 compatible differential pairs. The termination resistor on the MA line is integrated inside the encoder.

\*\* Termination at the controller is required, if the total cable length is longer than 5 m. The nominal impedance of the cable is 120  $\Omega$ .

#### **BiSS C timing diagram**

Encoder latches position value 500 ns after first falling edge



Encoder responds to the controller commands by latching the position value 500 ns after the first falling edge of the MA signal. MA is idle high. Communication is initiated with first falling edge. The encoder responds by setting SLO line low on the second rising edge on MA.

Ack is the period during which the readhead calculates the absolute position. There are two options availabe: Option A with 12 bit and option B with 20 bit long acknowledge. Acknowledge length determines the maximum MA frequency.

When the encoder is ready for the next request cycle it indicates to the master by setting SLO line high. The CRC is inverted in binary format and sent MSB first. The absolute position is always 26 bits long regardless of the chosen resolution. It is in binary format and sent MSB first, left aligned, unused lower bits are set to zero. CDS bit is always zero.

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#### **BiSS C Parameters**

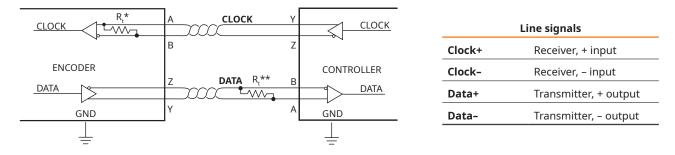
Interface type		BiSS C unidirectional (point-to-point)	
Signal level		RS422	
Position data encoding		Pure binary	
Maximum MA frequency	Option A	12 bits of acknowledge: 2.2 MHz	
	Option B	20 bits of acknowledge: 3.5 MHz	
Minimum MA frequency		50 kHz	
Length of position data		26 bits (regardless of the resolution chosen). See page 17.	
Length and type of status d	ata	2 bits (Error, Warning). Active low. Error/warning descriptions, can be found in the <b>LED Status table</b> .	
CRC length and type		6 bits (MSB first, inverted bit output - polynomial 0x43)	
ACK length	Option A	12 bits	
	Option B	20 bits	
CDS bit		Always zero	
Communication delay	Option A	5.45 μs at 2.2 MHz MA frequency; otherwise 12 MA clock periods	
	Option B	5.7 μs at 3.5 MHz MA frequency; otherwise 20 MA clock periods	
Timeout		≥20 µs or when the SLO line goes high	
Maximum data frame rate	Option A	Up to 23.5 kHz	
	Option B	Up to 27.4 kHz	

For example of calculation routine for 6-bit CRC please refer to application note CRCD01 available at **RLS Media center**. For more information regarding BiSS protocol see **www.biss-interface.com**.

### SSI Communication interface

The encoder position, 26 bit natural binary code, and the encoder status are available through the SSI protocol. The position is captured internally every 10 µs (refresh rate 100 kHz). Output position data is the last captured data before position request trigger. Request trigger is a falling edge of clock signal. The position data is left aligned, MSB first. After the position data there are two general status bits (active status low) followed by the detailed status information.

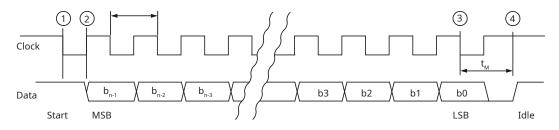
#### **Electrical connection**



\* The CLOCK and DATA lines are 5 V RS422 compatible differential pairs. The termination resistor on the CLOCK line is integrated in the encoder.

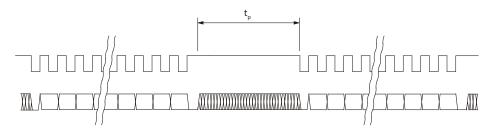
\*\* Termination at the controller is required if the total cable length is more than 5 m. The nominal impedance of the cable is 120 Ω.

#### SSI timing diagram



The controller requests the position and status data of the encoder by sending a pulse train to the Clock input. The Clock signal always starts from high. The first falling edge ① latches the last position data available and on the first rising edge ② the most significant bit (MSB) of the position is transmitted to the Data output. If time between ① and ② is extended for additional 1  $\mu$ s the maximum clock frequency limit is 2.5 MHz instead of 0.8 MHz. This function is called "Delay First Clock" and must be supported by the controller.

After the transmission of the last bit ③ the Data output goes to low. When the  $t_M$  time expires, the Data output is logical "H" ④ The Clock signal must remain high for at least  $t_M$  before the next reading can take place. Reading the encoder position can be terminated at any time by setting the Clock signal to high for the duration of  $t_M$ .



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#### **SSI** Parameters

Interface type		SSI unidirectional (point-to-point)
Signal level		RS422
Position data encodin	g	Pure binary
CLOCK frequency	Maximum	800 kHz (2.5 MHz with first clock delay function on the controller)
	Minimum	100 kHz
Length of position dat	ta	26 bits (regardless of the resolution chosen)
5 71		2 bits (Error, Warning). Active low. Error/warning descriptions, can be found in the <b>LED Status table</b> .
Timeout t <sub>M</sub>		≥10 µs or when the DATA line goes high
Max data frame rate	Option A	Position with general and detailed status: Up to 18 kHz (41 kHz*)
	Option B	Position with general status: Up to 22 kHz (47 kHz*)
	Option C and D	Position only (binary and gray format, at 26 bit long data): up to 23 kHz (49 kHz*)
Delay first clock t <sub>DFC</sub>		1 - 10 µs
Pause time t <sub>p</sub>		>10 $\mu s$ (If the reading request arrives earlier than $t_{_{p'}}$ the encoder position will not be updated)

\* With first clock delay function.

#### SSI - position with two general status bits

Data packet is 28 bits long, MSB first, left aligned. It provides position and two general error warning status bits. All resolutions are available.

#### Structure of data packet

Bit	b27 : b2	
Data length	26 bits	2 bits
Meaning	Encoder position	General status

#### **Encoder position**

<b>b27 : b2</b> Encoder position, left aligned, MSB first. Unused lower bits are set LSB bit = 2000 μm / 2 <sup>13</sup> = <b>0.244140625 μm</b> or at 1 μm resolution: LSB bit = 2000 μm / 8000 = <b>0.25 μm</b>		
General status		
	b1	Error. If bit is "L", position is not valid.
	b0	Warning. If bit is "L", encoder is near operational limits. Position is valid.

#### SSI - position with two general and detailed status bits

Data packet is 36 bits long, MSB first, left aligned. It provides position and two general error warning status bits. All resolutions are available.

#### Structure of data packet

Bit	b35 : b10	b9 : b8	b7 : b0
Data length	26 bits	2 bits	8 bits
Meaning	Encoder position	General status	Detailed status

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Encoder position	า	
	b35 : b10	Encoder position, left aligned, MSB first. Unused lower bits are set to 0.
		LSB bit = 2000 μm / 2 <sup>13</sup> = <b>0.244140625 μm</b> or
		at 1 μm resolution: LSB bit = 2000 μm / 8000 = <b>0.25 μm</b>
General status		
	b9	Error. If bit is "L", position is not valid.
	b8	Warning. If bit is "L", encoder is near operational limits. Position is valid.
Detailed status		
	b7	Not used - always 0.
	b6	Error. If bit is "H" the distance between the readhead and the magnetic scale is too large.
	b5	Error. If bit is "H" the signal is lost. The readhead is out of alignment with the magnetic scale or the magnetic scale is demagnetised. Incorrect orientation of readhead and magnetic scale.
	b4	Warning - Temperature. If bit is "H" the readhead temperature is close to operational limits [> 80% of maximum temperature].
	b3	Not used - always 0.
	b2	Not used - always 0.
	b1	Not used - always 0.
	b0	Error - Frequency. If bit is "H" speed of movement is too high.

#### SSI - position only mode

Data packet is as long as the chosen resolution (up to 26 bits), MSB first, left aligned. It provides position only without status bits. All resolutions are supported. Please check the table on page 18.

#### Structure of data packet

Bit	b <sub>n-1</sub> : b0
Data length	<26 bits (depends on the chosen resolution)
Meaning	Encoder position

#### **Encoder position**

**b**<sub>n1</sub>: **b0** Encoder position, left aligned, MSB first. Unused lower bits are set to 0.

SSI output »position only« option with 1 µm resolution has 24 bit long position data word. Check the **Table of resolutions and position data length.** 

#### SSI - position only in Gray code

This mode provides position only in the reflected binary code, also known as Gray code.



## SPI - Serial peripheral communication interface (slave mode)

The encoder position, 26 bit natural binary code, and the encoder status are available through the SPI protocol. The position is captured internally every 10 µs (refresh rate 100 kHz). Output position data is the last captured data before position request trigger. Request trigger is a falling edge of the CS signal. The position data is left aligned, MSB first. After the position data there are two general status bits (active status low) followed by the detailed status information.

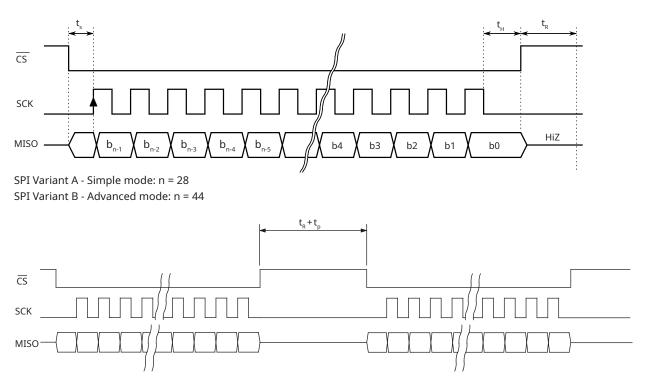
#### **Electrical connection**

Signal	Description
CS	Active low. $\overline{CS}$ line is used for synchronisation between master and slave devices. During communication it must be held low. Idle is high. Rising edge on $\overline{CS}$ signal resets the SPI interface.
SCK	Clocks out the data on rising edge. Max frequency 4 MHz.
MISO	Data is output on rising edge on SCK after $\overline{CS}$ low. Data is valid on the falling edge of SCK signal. During $\overline{CS}$ =1 MISO line is in high-Z mode.

-			
Com	mun	าเตล	tion

interface variant (part numbering)	Description	Parameter	Value
SP (variant A)	SPI slave - simple mode	Resolution	Selectable (see part numbering)
		Status	All status bits are available through the SPI
		Data length	28 bit data packet - position, status
SP (variant B)	SPI slave - advanced mode	Resolution	Selectable (see part numbering)
		Status	All status bits are available through the SPI
		Data length	44 bit data packet - position, status, detailed status, CRC

#### SPI slave timing diagram



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#### **SPI Parameters**

Interface type		SPI unidirectional			
Signal level		3.3 V LVTTL or 5 V TTL			
Position data encoding		Pure binary			
CLOCK frequency	Maximum	Up to 4 MHz			
	Minimum	50 kHz			
Length of position dat	a	26 bits (regardless of the resolution chosen)			
Length and type of status data		2 bits (Error, Warning). Active low. Error/warning descriptions, can be found in the <b>LED Status table</b> .			
Time after last CLK fal	ling edge to CS high t <sub>H</sub>	>1 µs			
Time after CS low to fi	rst CLK rising edge t <sub>s</sub>	>1 µs			
CS high time t <sub>R</sub> (Time t	o complete SPI reset)	>1 µs			
Max data frame rate	Option A	Simple mode - Position with general status: Up to 90 kHz			
	Option B	Advanced mode - Position with general, detailed status and CRC: Up to 60 kHz			
Pause time t <sub>p</sub>		>10 $\mu s$ (If the reading request arrives earlier than $t_{_R}$ + $t_{_p}$ , the encoder position will not be updated)			

### SPI slave - Simple mode (variant A)

Position is 26 bits long - MSB first, left aligned. After the position data there are two general status bits (active "L").

#### Structure of data packet

Bit	b27 : b2	b1 : b0	
Data length	26 bits	2 bits	
Meaning	Encoder position	General status	

#### **Encoder position**

	<b>b27 : b2</b> Encoder position, left aligned, MSB first. Unused lower bits are set to 0 LSB bit = 2000 μm / 2 <sup>13</sup> = <b>0.244140625 μm</b> or at 1 μm resolution: LSB bit = 2000 μm / 8000 = <b>0.25 μm</b>	
General status		· · ·
	b1	Error. If bit is "L", position is not valid.
	b0	Warning. If bit is "L", encoder is near operational limits. Position is valid.



#### SPI slave - Advanced mode (variant B)

Position is 26 bits long - MSB first, left aligned. After the position data there are two general status bits (active "L"), 8 bits of detailed status - MSB first and 8 bit of CRC - MSB first.

Bit		b43 : b18	b17:b16	b15 : b8	b7 : b0	
Data length		26 bits 2 bits 8 bits 8 bits				
Meaning		Encoder position General status Detailed status CRC				
Encoder posi	tion					
	b43 : b18	Encoder position, LSB bit = 2000 µm at 1 µm resolutior	n / 2 <sup>13</sup> = <b>0.2441406</b>	<b>525 μm</b> or	er bits are set to 0	).
General statı			1. LSB DIL - 2000	uni / 8000 – <b>0.25  </b>	4111	
General Statt	b17	Error. If bit is "L", r	position is not val	id		
	b16				ts. Position is valid	4
Detailed stat		Warning. It bit is				
	b15	Not used				
	b14	Error (if bit is "H") large.	- The distance be	tween the readhe	ad and the magne	etic scale is too
	b13	Error (if bit is "H") - Signal lost. The readhead is out of alignment with the magnetic scal or the magnetic scale is demagnetised. Incorrect orientation of readhead and magneti scale.			-	
	b12	Warning (if bit is " limits ( >80 % of maximi	•		emperature is clos	e to operational
	b11	Not used - always	0.			
	b10	Not used - always	0.			
	b9	Not used - always	0.			
	b8	Error (if bit is "H")	- Frequency. Spee	ed of movement t	oo high.	
CRC						
	b7 : b0	CRC check with po	olynomial 0x97			

## **Resolutions and data position alignment**

Part number	Resolution
13B	2/2 <sup>13</sup> mm (0.244140625 μm)
12B	2/2 <sup>12</sup> mm (0.48828125 µm)
11B	2/2 <sup>11</sup> mm (0.9765625 μm)
2D0	2/2000 mm (1 μm)
10B	2/2 <sup>10</sup> mm (1.953125 μm)
09B	2/2 <sup>9</sup> mm (3.90625 μm)
08B	2/2 <sup>8</sup> mm (7.812 μm)
07B	2/2 <sup>7</sup> mm (15.625 μm)
06B	2/2 <sup>6</sup> mm (31.25 µm)
05B	2/2⁵ mm (62.5 µm)
04B	2/2⁴ mm (125 µm)

### Table of resolutions and position data length

LA11 always reports the position data in 26 bit binary format. Position data on serial interfaces has fixed length of 26 bits. If selected resolution is less than 13 bits, then unused lower bits are set to 0. Table below shows the bit values in position data for different resolutions.

	Bits reported position in LA11 output message						Weight of	Weight of																				
Resolution	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	LSB (µm)	"last active" bit (µm)
13B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0.244140625	0.244140625
12B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0.244140625	0.48828125
11B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0.244140625	0.9765625
2D0	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0.25	1
10B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0	0.244140625	1.953125
09B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0	0	0.244140625	3.90625
08B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0.244140625	7.8125
07B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.244140625	15.625
06B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.244140625	31.25
05B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.244140625	62.5
04B	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.244140625	125

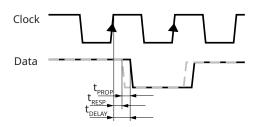


### Cable length compensation

The readhead needs 70 ns to respond to incoming clocks ( $t_{RESP}$ ). The change on the Data signal is delayed by 70 ns after the rising edge on the Clock line. An additional delay is caused by the time the signal takes to propagate through the cable to the readhead and back ( $t_{PROP}$ ). This delay is typically 14 ns per 1 meter cable. The total cable length from the encoder to the receiver must be considered.

The total delay (t $_{\scriptscriptstyle \mathsf{DELAY}}$ ) is calculated as in the formula below.

A proper implementation of BiSS Master should automatically measure t<sub>DELAY</sub> and adjust the internal timing to compensate for it.



 $t_{DELAY} = t_{RESP} + t_{PROP} x$  cable length

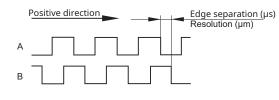
# **Parallel output options**

#### Incremental output

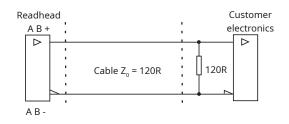
Output signals	Square-wave signals A, B and their inverted signals A–, B–				
Signal level Differential line driver according to EIA standard RS422					
Permissible load	$Z_0 \ge 120 \ \Omega$ between associated outputs				

#### Timing diagram

Complementary signals not shown



#### **Recommended signal termination**

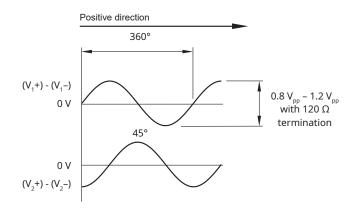


### Analogue sinusoidal output signals (1 $V_{pp}$ ) $\sim$

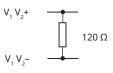
	- pp -
Output signals	$V_1$ , $-V_1$ and $V_2$ , $-V_2$
Sine / cosine signals	0.8 to 1.2 $V_{pp}$ (with 120 $\Omega$ termination)
Phase shift	90° ± 0.5°
Sinusoidal period length	2 mm
Permissible load/Termination	$Z_0 \ge 120 \ \Omega$ between associated outputs
Maximum cable length	30 m

#### Timing diagram

Complementary signals not shown



#### **Recommended signal termination**





# Part numbering

		LA11	SP	Α	13B	к	А	10C	Α	00
Communication interface										
<ul> <li>DA - BiSS C, RS422 + Analogue sinusoidal</li> <li>DC - BiSS C, RS422</li> <li>DI - BiSS C + Incremental (both RS422)</li> <li>SB - Synchronous serial interface (SSI),</li> </ul>	SI - Synchronous se + Incremental (I SP - SPI slave SQ - SPI slave + Incre SR - SPI slave + Anal	both RS422) emental, RS4	22							
Communication interface variant										
<ul> <li>For SB, SC and SI:</li> <li>A - Position with general and detailed status</li> <li>B - Position with general status</li> <li>C - Position only</li> <li>D - Position only - Gray code (not available with 2D0 resolution)</li> </ul>	For DA, DC and DI A - Up to 2.2 MH B - Up to 3.5 MH For SP, SQ and SR A - Simple mode B - Advanced mode C - Simple mode D - Advanced mode	lz CLK (ACK = lz CLK (ACK = (not availabl 3.3 V LVTTL ode 3.3 V LV 5 V TTL	20 clo e with 2	ck perio						
Resolution										
13B - 2/2 <sup>13</sup> mm (0.244140625 μm)         10B -           12B - 2/2 <sup>12</sup> mm (0.48828125 μm)         09B -           11B - 2/2 <sup>11</sup> mm (0.9765625 μm)         08B -	2/2 <sup>10</sup> mm (1.953125 2/2 <sup>9</sup> mm (3.90625 μr 2/2 <sup>8</sup> mm (7.812 μm) 2/2 <sup>7</sup> mm (15.625 μm	m) <b>051</b> 041	- 2/2	<sup>6</sup> mm (3 <sup>5</sup> mm (6 <sup>4</sup> mm (1	2.5 µm)					
Minimum edge separation										
K         N/A         C         -           For DI, SI and SQ:         D         -         2           K         -         0.07 μs (15 MHz)         E         -	0.5 μs (2 MHz) 1 μs (1 MHz) 2 μs (0.5 MHz) 4 μs (0.25 MHz) 5 μs (0.2 MHz)			5 (0.1 MH 5 (0.05 M						
Power supply A - 5 V B - From 8 to 30 V (for DA, DC, DI, SB, SC and	SI only)									
Cable length**										
<b>xxC</b> - Any cable length from 10 cm to 99 cm <b>xxD</b> - Any cable length from 10 dm to 99 dm			Ca	ble lengt	h L [m]	Tolerance	e [mm]	]		
<b>xxM</b> - Any cable length from 10 m to 30 m			≤ 2			+30 / -0				
	6 0	2.5 2.	2 <	: L ≤ 7		+40 / -0				
Available lengths for the "W" connector: 0.5 m, 0 4 m, 5 m, 6 m, 7 m, 8 m, 9 m, 10 m, 11 m, 12 m,			10	< L≤15		+50 / -0				
Connector optionsA9 pin D type plug (for DC, SC and SP only)D- 15 pin D type plugF- Flying lead (no connector)	<ul> <li>G - DB-25 for</li> <li>K - Siemens 6</li> <li>P - Phoenix c</li> <li>W - M12 8 pol</li> </ul>	6FX2003-0SA ontact M12	17 3 pole (	for DC, S	SC and S	SP only)				
Special requirements										
<ul> <li>00 - No special requirements (standard)</li> <li>02 - DB15 connector for SIEMENS MC30 module (for connector option D)</li> </ul>	* Available only ** The following 5 m, 6 m. Plea	g lengths are	availab	le with s	short lea	ad times: (	).5 m, 0.7		m, 3 m,	4 m,

Not all combinations are valid. Please check the table of available combinations on the next page.

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### Table of available combinations

Series	Communication interface	Comm interface variant	Resolution	Minimum edge separation	Power supply	Cable length	Connector option	Special requirements
	DA						D/F/K	00 / 02
	DC	A / B		К	A/B	xxC / xxD / xxM	A / D / F / K / P / W	
	DI		13B / 12B / 11B / 2D0 / 10B / 9B /	K/A/B/C/D/ E/F/G/H			D/F/K	
	SB		08B / 07B / 06B / 05B / 04B	К			D/F/G/K	
LA11	SC		0587048				A / D / F / K / P / W	
	SI			K/A/B/C/D/ E/F/G/H			D/F/K	
	SP	A/B/C/D	13B / 12B / 11B /	К			A / D / F / K / P / W	
	SQ		10B / 9B / 08B / 07B / 06B / 05B / 04B	K/A/B/C/D/ E/F/G/H	А		D/F/K	
	SR			К				



### Accessories



End clamp kit (2 clamps + 2 screws) LM10ECL00



Applicator tool for magnetic scale **LMA10ASC00** 



USB interface (for incremental output) E201-9Q



USB interface (for SSI and BiSS unidirectional communication interface) **E201-9S** 



Magnet field viewer <u>MM0001</u>

### Accessories for MS Track System



Track section, 1.00 m <u>TRS100A00</u>



Track section, 2.00 m TRS200A00



Scale clamp, 0.04 m <u>TRE004A00</u>



Joining element, 0.04 m TRE004A01



Screw and washer **TRC00** 



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#### Document issues

Issue	Date	Page	Description
9	15. 7. 2020	12, 16, 21	BiSS C Maximum clock frequency and latency amended
10	11. 9. 2020	3	Dimensions drawing amended
		22	Drawing amended
11	4. 10. 2021	11	Siemens SMC30 pinout amended
12	4. 2. 2022	21	Part numbering table amended
13	16. 12. 2024	General	Document redesign

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